



# REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOR

### THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR SCIENCE (MATHEMATICS), APPLIED STATISTICS WITH COMPUTING AND EDUCATION (SCIENCE, ARTS AND SPECIAL NEEDS)

## COURSE CODE: MAT 2212 COURSE TITLE: REAL ANALYSIS I

**DATE 18<sup>TH</sup> APRIL 2019 TIME: 1100 - 1300HRS** 

### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. This paper contains **FOUR** (4) questions

- 2. Answer question **ONE (1)** and any other **TWO (2)** questions
- 3. Do not forget to write your Registration Number.

#### **QUESTION 1 (30MARKS)**

- a) Define power set P(X) of a set X and hence show that the power set P( of of is uncountable
   5marks
- b) Given that  $A = \sum_{n \in A} : n \bigoplus_{n \in A}$ . Determine  $\sup_{n \in A} A$ ,  $\inf_{n \in A} A$  and state

whether the maximum and minimum of *A* exists. **4marks** 

- c) Show that if  $x \circledast 0$ , then  $x^2 > 0$  and hence deduce that 1 > 0**4marks**
- d) Prove that for a subset A of  $\clubsuit$  that is bounded below  $\inf A$  is unique 4**marks**
- e) Prove that  $\sqrt{2}$  is irrational. **5marks**
- f) Using the ratio test determine whether the following series

converge or diverge  $\sqrt[n^2]{2^n}$ 

#### 3 marks

g) Define the function  $\rho: \mathcal{O} \oplus \mathcal{O}$  by  $\rho(x, y) = |x_1 - y_1| + |x_2 - y_2|$  where  $x = (x_1, x_2), y = (y_1, y_2)$ . Show that  $\rho$  is a metric on  $\mathcal{O}$ **5marks** 

#### **QUESTION 2 (20MKS)**

- a) Let A and B be non-void subsets of ♥ that are bounded above.
  Show that sup(A+B) = sup(A) + sup(B)
  5marks
- b) Show that the empty set \u03c6 is a subset of any other set
   **3marks**

- c) Show that every convergent sequence is Cauchy 5marks
- d) Define a continuous function and hence determine whether the

function f: P P P defined by  $f(x) = \textcircled{Q}_{if x=0}^{if x \textcircled{P}}$  is continuous at x = 0

#### 3marks

e) Show that every Cauchy sequence is bounded **4marks** 

#### **QUESTION 3 (20MKS)**

f) Show that a point  $p \, {}^{\bullet} X$  is a limit point of  $E \, {}^{\bullet} X$  iff there exists a sequence  $(x_n)^{\bullet}$  of distinct points of E with

$$x_n \bullet p \ (\forall n \bullet \bullet)$$
 such that  $\lim_{n \bullet \bullet} x_n = p$ 

#### 10marks

g) Show that if the sequences  $(x_n)$  and  $(y_n)$  are convergent and  $x_n \bigotimes y_n$  for all  $n \bigotimes n$ , then  $\lim_{x \bigotimes n} x_n \bigotimes_{x \bigotimes n} y_n$ 

#### 5marks

h) If  $f(x) = \bigotimes_{x=0}^{x \otimes x} \text{ find } f(x)$ . 5marks

#### **QUESTION 4 (20MKS)**

a) Test for convergence in the following series



b) Classify the monotonic sequences below.

i. 
$$x_n = n^3$$
  
ii.  $x_n = (-1)^{n+1}$   
iii.  $x_n = \frac{1}{n}$   
iv.  $x_n = 2 \quad \forall n$   
**4marks**

**c)** Binary operation \* on the set of all real numbers **R** is defined by x\*y = |x-y|. Show that \* is commutative but not associative

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#### 2marks

- d) Define the terms
  - i. A metric space **1mark**
  - ii. Neighbourhood **1mark**
  - iii. A convergent sequence **1mark**
  - iv. Monotonic sequences **1mark**
  - v. Uniformly continuous function **1mark**

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