

## MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2018/2019

SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND INFORMATION SCIENCES

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (MATHEMATICS, PHYSICS \& APPLIED STATISTICS WITH COMPUTING)

FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION

COURSE CODE: MAT 1205/1208

COURSE TITLE: ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY
DATE: TIME:

## Instructions

Answer Question ONE and ANY other TWO Questions

## QUESTION ONE (30 marks) Compulsory

a) Given a quadrilateral with vertices at points $(2,1),(7,1),(9,3)$ and $(4,3)$, Show that the middle points of the diagonals intersect.

## 5mks

b) Determine the parametric equations of a line through the point $\mathrm{P}(-1,4)$ in the direction of the vector $\dot{v}=\langle 1,2\rangle$.
3mks
c) Show that the equation $x^{2}+y^{2}-4 x+10 y-13=0$ represents a circle and find its center and radius.
d) Find the polar equation of the curve represented by $x^{2}+y^{2}=9.3 \mathbf{m k s}$
e) Express the rectangular coordinate equation $x^{2}+y^{2}-z^{2}=1$ in spherical coordinates.

5mks
f) Show that a curve with polar equation $r=2 \cos \theta$ is a circle, determine its center and radius.

5mks
g) Find $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}$ of the parametric equation $y=t^{3}-3 t, x=3 t$

5mks

## QUESTION TWO 20marks

a) Given that $l_{1}$ has slope $\lambda$, the tangent of the angle from $l_{1}$ to $l_{2}$ is $\beta$, proof that $\frac{\lambda+\beta}{1-\lambda \beta}$ represents equation of the slope of $l_{2}$ hence find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(2,3)$ and makes an angle of $110^{\circ}$ with line $5 x+y-3=0$. 10mks
b) Determine the center and the radius of the circle passing through the points $A(4,3) B(0,1)$ and $C(1,0)$. 10mks

## QUESTION THREE 20marks

a) Find the standard equation of the conic $9 x^{2}-4 y^{2}-72 x+8 y+176=0$ and sketch it.

## 10mks

b) Determine whether the planes ${ }^{x-3 y+6 z=4}$ and $5 x+y-z=4$ are perpendicular, parallel or neither. Find the angle of their intersection and the set of parametric equations for the line of intersection.
10mks

## QUESTION FOUR 20marks

a) Find the length of an arch of the cycloid $x=r(\beta-\sin \beta), y=r(1-\cos \beta)$ for $0 \pi$.
7mks
b) Determine the length of a parabola with equation $y^{2}=x$ from $(0,0)$ to $(1,1)$.
7 mks
c) Derive the arc length function of the curve
$y=\frac{1}{3} x^{3}+\frac{1}{4 x} ; x>0$ starting at $P_{0}(1,7 / 12)$.
6mks

