



MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY

REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER

SCHOOL OF SCIENCE BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: MAT 417
COURSE TITLE: FLUID MECHANICS II

DATE: 25TH APRIL 2019
1430 - 1630 HRS

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Answer Question **ONE** and any other **two** questions.
2. All Examination Rules Apply.

QUESTION ONE

- a) Define the following terms
- i) Free-Vortex flow (2 marks)
 - ii) Source and Sink (2 marks)
 - iii) Conformal transformation (2 marks)
- b) State the Blasius theorem (3 marks)
- c) Write down the Navier-Stokes equations for Cartesian coordinates (6 marks)
- d) Show that the two families of curves
- $$\phi(x, y) = c_1$$
- $$\psi(x, y) = c_2$$

Intersect at right angles. (5 marks)

- e) If the streamlines (path of the fluid particles) of a flow around a corner are $M^{xy} = \text{constant}$. Find their orthogonal trajectories (equipotential). (5 marks)
- f) Describe the transformation $w = e^z$, where $w = u + iv$ and $z = x + iy$. (5 marks)

QUESTION TWO

- a) A viscous fluid is flowing between two concentric circular cylinders of radii a and b ($b > a$) rotating with angular velocities ω_1 and ω_2 respectively. Show that the velocity distribution is

$$v = \frac{1}{b^2 - a^2} (b^2 \omega_2 - a^2 \omega_1) r - \frac{a^2 b^2}{r} (\omega_2 - \omega_1)$$

(11 marks)

- b) Determine the velocity distribution of the flow of the fluid through an infinite circular pipe of radius a taking that the velocity vector is $\mathbf{q} = (0, 0, u)$. Also find the skin friction at the pipe.

(9 marks)

QUESTION THREE

- a) A fluid of density ρ is confined over a plane $y = 0$. Let $t = 0$, the plate $y = 0$ (which is initially at rest) starts moving with velocity U along the x -axis. Find the velocity distribution of the fluid using Laplace

transformation method.

(11 marks)

- b) Describe the plane Couette flow and plane Poiseuille flow. **(9 marks)**

QUESTION FOUR

- a) Show that for an incompressible steady flow with constant viscosity

$$u(y) = y \frac{U}{h} + \frac{h^2}{2\mu} \frac{dp}{dx} - \frac{y}{h} \frac{dp}{dx}$$

$$v = 0 = w$$

Satisfy the equation of motion, where the body force is neglected.

h, U and $\frac{dp}{dx}$ are constants and $p = p(x)$

(10 marks)

- b) Find the equations of stream lines due to uniform line sources of strength m per unit length through the points $A(-a, 0), B(a, 0)$ and a uniform line sink of strength $-m$ per unit length through the origin.

(10 marks)

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