# MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY 

## REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER
# SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS BSC. ECONOMICS, BSC. ECON \& STAT, BSC. FIN ECON, BSC. AGBM 

# COURSE CODE: ECO 2104/AGB 2107 COURSE TITLE: PRODUCTION ECONOMICS 

DATE: 7 ${ }^{\text {TH }}$ DECEMBER 2018
TIME: 11.00AM- 13.00PM
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES
Answer Question ONE and any other THREE questions

## QUESTION ONE

a) Clearly distinguish between the following concepts and terms as used in Production Economics:
i. Iso-revenue line and Iso-cost line
ii. Rate of Technical Substitution and Rate of Product Transformation
b) Deborah has the following Marginal Physical Product (MPP) function in her milk production plant:

MPP $=4+8 \mathrm{x}-0.3 \mathrm{x}^{2}$ where $\mathrm{C}=0$

At what level of input $x$ does:
i. TPP reach its maximum
ii. APP reach its maximum
iii. MPP reach its maximum
iv. Stage 2 of production begin and end
(8 marks)
c) Discuss the computational difficulties in Linear Programming as a farm firm optimization technique
(3 marks)
d) Discuss the goals of Production Economics (5 marks)
e) Find the homogeneity of the following production function and state its returns to scale:

$$
24 \mathrm{X}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{Y}^{3 / 2}-2 \mathrm{X}^{3} / \mathrm{Y}
$$

(3 marks)

## QUESTION TWO

a) State Euler's Theorem as used in production economics
b) Briefly discuss the properties/characteristics of Cobb-Douglas Production Functions
(7 marks)
c) Alamin has a coffee firm in Kiambu having the following functions:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{Q}=0.8 \mathrm{P}-20 \\
& \mathrm{TFC}=180 \\
& \mathrm{AVC}=4+2 \mathrm{Q}
\end{aligned}
$$

Find Alamin's profit maximizing level of output and his profit
(6 marks)

## QUESTION THREE

a) Using well labelled diagram distinguish between Competitive, Joint, Supplementary and Complementary products/enterprises
(6 marks)
b) Edith has the following maize production function

$$
\mathrm{Q}=2 \mathrm{~K}^{0.5} \mathrm{~L}^{0.3}
$$

Where $Q$ is the quantity of maize produced while $K$ and $L$ are units of inputs capital and labour respectively. Supposing that a bag of maize sells at Ksh. 400, the prices of K and L are Ksh 16 and Ksh. 4 respectively, and that he has a total of Ksh. 5000 to spend on the two inputs:
i. Using Lagrangean optimization technique determine the quantities of $K$ and $L$ that Edith will need in order for him to maximize profit
ii. What will be Edith's maximum profit
(9 marks)

## QUESTION FOUR

a) Discuss the steps which should be followed by a farm manager while making decisions in conditions of risk
(6 marks)
b) Njoki has the following production relationship in her Irish Potato farm:

$$
y=2 x^{1 / 2}
$$

Where $y$ and $x$ are quantities of inputs and outputs respectively. If the price of y is ksh. 8, price of x is ksh. 2 and Total Fixed Costs are ksh. 30, calculate:
i. The profit maximizing level of input
ii. The profit maximizing level of output
(9 marks)

## QUESTION FIVE

a) Briefly discuss the assumptions of linear programming as an optimization technique in scarce resource allocation
b) Given the following

Max $Z=4 X_{1}-X_{2}+2 X_{3}$
Subject to:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 X_{1}+X_{2}+2 X_{3} \leq 6 \\
& X_{1}-4 X_{2}+2 X_{3} \leq 0 \\
& 5 X_{1}+2 X_{2}-2 X_{3} \leq 4 \\
& X_{1}, X_{2}, X_{3} \geq 0
\end{aligned}
$$

Determine the optimal solutions

END

