## REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER

# SCHOOL OF BUSINESS \& ECONOMICS BACHELOR OF ARTS IN ECONOMICS 

## COURSE CODE: ECO 410

COURSE TITLE: ADVANCED MICROECONOMICS

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question ONE and any other THREE questions
This paper consists of 2 printed pages. Please turn over.

## QUESTION ONE

(a)Differentiate between the following terms
(i) Weak monotonicity and strong monotonicity of the

2 marks production function
(ii) Weak essentiality and strong essentiality of inputs in

2 marks production
(iii) First and second Hoteling's Lemma 2 marks
(iv) Stackelberg's oligopoly market model and Cournot

2 marks oligopoly market model
(b) A Constant Elasticity of Substitution (CES) production function is given as:

$$
Q=A\left(\frac{5}{7} L^{-\rho}+\frac{2}{7} K^{-\rho}\right)^{-\frac{1}{\rho}}
$$

(i) Find the Marginal Rate of Substitution of labor and capital 5 marks (MRTS $S_{L, K}$ )
(ii) Find the elasticity of substitution, $\delta$ marks
(c) The following is a cost function for a given firm:

$$
C\left(w_{1}, w_{2}\right)=18 w_{1}^{\frac{1}{3}} w_{2}^{\frac{2}{3}} y
$$

Where y is the output and $w_{2}$ and $w_{2}$ are the prices of two inputs $X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$ respectively and $y$ is output.
(i) Demonstrate that the cost function is concave and nonincreasing in input prices
(ii) Recover the associated output function using the

2 marks

6 marks Shepherd's lemma

## QUESTION TWO

(a)Suppose every firm in a perfect competitive market has the following cost function

$$
C(y)=y^{3}-10 y^{2}+42 y
$$

Where $\mathrm{y}=$ output of the firm
(i) How much output will each firm produce and at what 3 marks price?
(ii) Suppose the market demand function is given as $Y=\quad 1$ mark 2,750-75P, what would be the total market demand?
(iii) Given the information obtained in (i) and (ii) above, what 1 mark is the optimal number of firms in this market?
(iv) Suppose a quantity tax of Kshs. 3 is introduced on every 1 marks amount consumed, what is the new market demand and new optimal number of firms? [Assume the burden of the tax is fully reflected in the price]
(v) How many firms exit the market due to the price rise? 1 mark
(b) Discuss any 4 properties of a well-behaved profit 8 marks

## QUESTION THREE

An oligopoly market comprises two firms facing the demand curve specified as $P=100-2 Y$, where $Y$ is the total industry output $\left(Y=Y_{1}+Y_{2}\right)$. The respective cost functions for the two firms are gives as $C_{1}=40$ and $C_{2}=0.5 Y_{2}$ respectively.
(a)Assuming that the firms are engaged in a sequential game (Stackelberg Model) and that Firm 1 is the quantity leader and Firm2 is the quantity follower:
(i) Find the reaction curve for Firm $2 \quad 3$ marks
(ii) Find the equilibrium price (P) and quantities ( $Y_{1}, Y_{2}, Y$ )
(b) Now assume that the firms are engaged in a 6 marks simultaneous game (Cournot Model), how would the values in part (a) (ii) differ?

## QUESTION FOUR

(a) A production functions is given as $Y=5 K^{0.2} L^{0.6}$

Where K and L are the units of capital and labor respectively
(i) Characterize the relationship between the two inputs as shown in the production function
(ii) Is the production function concave?
(iii) Find the values of K and L (expresses as a function of output) for which the total cost of the firm is minimized, given that the respective prices of capital and labor is given as $\mathrm{r}=3$ andw $=1$.
(iv) What are the values of $K$ and $L$ if output $Y=1650$

## QUESTION FIVE

A one-inputproduction function for a firm is given as $Y=x^{\frac{1}{2}}$. Taking output price and input price as $p$ and $w$ respectively:
(i) Derive the firm's profit function

7 marks
(ii) Show that the profit function is convex 2 marks
(iii) Derive the firm's supply function 2 marks
(iv) Derive the unconditional factor demand function 2 marks
(v) If you are given that the output price is $\$ 0.05$ and input 2 marks price $\$ 0.03$, what is the unconditional factor demand for input $X$ ?

## //END

