

# MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY

# **REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

# 2023/2024

# **SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS**

## **BACHELOR'S OF SCIENCE IN ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS**

### FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER

### **COURSE CODE: ECS 4105-1**

### **COURSE TITLE: THEORY OF ESTIMATION**

### DATE:

TIME:

**INSTRUCTIONS:** Attempt Question one and any other Two Questions

Show your workings as marks will be awarded for correct working.

#### **Question One**

a.	Differentiate the following types of estimators	
	i. Consistent and Unbiased.	(2 marks)
	ii. Efficient and Sufficient.	(2 marks)
	iii. Point and Interval.	(2 marks)
b.	Let $X_1, X_2,, X_n$ be random sample from an exponential distribution with	
	parameter $\lambda$ . Determine the method of moment estimator for $\lambda$ .	(4 marks)
c.	For a geometric distribution with parameter $p$ . Show that $T(x) = \sum x$	$x_i$ is a
	sufficient statistic for the parameter $p$ .	(3 marks)
d.	For a normal distribution with mean $\mu$ and variance $\sigma^{2}$ . Show that t	he sample
	mean $\overline{X}$ is weakly consistent estimator for the population mean $\mu$ .	(4 marks)
Δ	A random sample 64 students were determined to have an average w	pight of 67K

e. A random sample 64 students were determined to have an average weight of 67Kg with a standard deviation of 5.2Kgs. Construct a 95% confidence interval for the true average weight for the students. (3 marks)

#### **Question Two**

Let  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_n$  be random sample from a normal population with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ .

a.	Determine the MLE estimator for $\mu$ .	(4 marks)
b.	Show that the estimator in (a) is unbiased.	(3 marks)
C.	Determine the MLE estimator for $\sigma^2$ .	(4 marks)
d.	Show that the estimator in (c) is MLE consistent.	(4 marks)

### **Question Three**

a. For a simple linear regression model  $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \varepsilon_i$  the Ordinary Least Square estimator for the parameters  $\beta_0$  is  $\hat{\beta}_0 = \overline{Y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \overline{X}$  while that for  $\beta_1$  is

$$\hat{\beta}_{1} = \frac{\sum (Y_{i} - \overline{Y})(X_{i} - \overline{X})}{\sum (X_{i} - \overline{X})^{2}}.$$
 Show that if  $\varepsilon_{i} \sim N(0, \sigma^{2})$  then the MLE estimators for  $\beta_{0}$  and  $\beta_{1}$  are equal to those of the OLS. (9 marks)

and  $\beta_1$  are equal to those of the OLS.

b. Show that for a random sample  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_n$  from a normal distribution with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Show that the sample variance  $S^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (X_i - \overline{X})^2$  is unbiased estimator for the population variance  $\sigma^2$ . (6 marks)

#### **Question Four**

**a.** Define an MVUE. (2 marks) b. State the Rao-Blackwell theorem. (2 marks)

- c. Show that the statistic  $T(x) = \sum x$  is a minimal sufficient statistic for the parameter  $\theta$  in a Bernoulli distribution. (3 marks)
- d. A multiple linear regression model can be written in matrix for as  $Y = X\beta + \varepsilon$  where Y is an  $n \times 1$  matrix,  $\beta$  is a  $k \times 1$  matrix, X is a  $n \times k$  matrix and  $\varepsilon$  is a  $n \times 1$  matrix such that  $E(\varepsilon) = 0$  and  $var(\varepsilon) = \sigma^2$ . Show that the OLS estimator is BLUE.

(8 marks)