

# **MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY** REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2023/2024

## SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS BACHELOR'S OF SCIENCE IN ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER

## COURSE CODE: ECS 2103-1

### **COURSE TITLE: BIVARIATE DISTRIBUTION**

#### DATE:

TIME:

**INSTRUCTIONS:** Attempt Question one and any other Two Questions

Show all your workings

#### **Question One**

a. Random variables X and Y have a joint probability density function given as;

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} cxy & , 0 < x < 3, 0 < y < 3 \\ 0 & , otherwise \end{cases}$$

Determine;

- i. The value of c. (2 marks)
- ii.  $\Pr(X < 2, Y > 1)$ . (3 marks)
- iii. If X and Y are independent.

(4 marks)

b. The data below shows a joint probability mass function between X and Y.

Х	1	1	2	4
Y	3	4	5	6
f(x, y)	1/8	1/4	1/2	1/8

Determine corr(x, y) and hence comment on the nature of relationship between X and Y.

(4 marks)

c. The data below shows the quantity demanded and price of cassava in a certain market.

Quantity Demanded in Kg (x)	Price in Shillings (y)	
30	120	
45	110	
60	90	
70	85	
55	94	
66	89	
34	119	
56	93	
38	115	
40	100	

- i. Fit a simple linear for price of cassava as a function of quantity demanded hence interpret the slope. (5 marks)
- ii. Estimate the price of cassava in the market when the quantity demanded is 62 kg. (1 mark)
- iii. Based on the fitted regression model does the interpretation of the intercept make sense? If yes, interpret it, if no, state why? (1 mark)

#### **Question Two**

a. X and Y have a joint probability mass function given as.

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} p^{x+y} (1-p)^{2-x-y} & x = 0, 1; y = 0, 1 \\ 0 & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

Determine;

i.
$$M_{xy}(t_1, t_2)$$
.
(3 marks)
(3 marks)
(3 marks)
(2 marks)
(3 marks)
(2 marks)
(3 marks)
(4 marks)
(5 marks)
(6 marks)
(6 marks)
(7 marks)
(1 marks)
(2 marks)
(3 marks)
(3 marks)
(3 marks)
(3 marks)
(4 marks)
(5 marks)
(6 marks)
(7 marks)
(7 marks)
(7 marks)
(8 marks)

iv. 
$$E(x, y)$$
 using  $M_{xy}(t_1, t_2)$ . (2 marks)

b. Two bivariate random variables X and Y have a variance covariance matrix.

$$\Sigma_{xy} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 & -1.4 \\ -1.4 & 2.1 \end{bmatrix}$$
  
Determine;  
i.  $var(3x + 4y - 1)$ . (2 marks)  
ii.  $var(5x - y + 3)$ . (2 marks)  
iii.  $corr(xy)$ . (2 marks)

#### **Question Three**

Two continuous random variables have a joint probability density function.

$$f(xy) = \begin{cases} 2x + 2y - 4xy & 0 \le x \le 1; 0 \le y \le 1\\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$$

Determine;

- a.  $f_x(x)$ . (2 marks)
- b.  $f_y(y)$ . (2 marks)

c. 
$$corr(xy)$$
. (7 marks)  
d.  $Pr(x > 0.3 | y = 0.5)$ . (4 marks)

d. 
$$\Pr(x > 0.3 | y = 0.5)$$
.

#### **Question Four**

a. A random variable X and Y have a joint probability mass function given as;

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} cxy & , x = 1, 2, 3; y = 1, 2, 3 \\ 0 & , otherwise \end{cases}$$
  
Determine:

Determine;

i.The value of 
$$c$$
.(1 marks)ii. $M_{xy}(t_1, t_2)$ .(2 marks)

iii. 
$$E(x, y)$$
 using  $M_{y}(t_1, t_2)$ . (2 marks)

- c. Two random variables X and Y have a bivariate normal distribution with parameters  $\sigma_x = 4, \sigma_y = 1, \mu_x = 2, \mu_y = 1$  and  $\rho = -0.8$ . Determine
  - The covariance between X and Y. i. (2 marks)  $\Pr(x > 3).$ ii. (2 marks)

- The conditional distribution of X given Y = 0.6. Pr(x > 3 | y = 0.6). iii.
- iv.

(3 marks) (3 marks)