



MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY

**REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR
THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER**

**SCHOOL OF PURE, APPLIED AND HEALTH
SCIENCES (SPAHS)**

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CHEMISTRY

COURSE CODE: CHE 3123

COURSE TITLE: COORDINATION CHEMISTRY

DATE: XX MARCH, 2022

TIME: XX - YY HRS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Answer Question **ONE** and any other **TWO** questions in section **B**
2. No writing on the Question paper
3. Use of mobile phone in the exam room is prohibited

QUESTION ONE

[30 MARKS]

- a) Define the following terms;
- i. Molecular orbital [1 mark]
 - ii. Effective atomic number [1 mark]
 - iii. Coordination compound [1 mark]
 - iv. Denticity of a ligand [1 mark]
- b) Highlight three reasons that make it possible for d-block metals to form coordination compounds [3 marks]
- c) State any three postulates of Alfred Werner [3 marks]
- d) Name the following coordination compounds;
- i. $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_4\text{Cl}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\text{SO}_2$ [2 marks]
 - ii. $\text{K}_2[\text{Mn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{ox})_2]$ [2 marks]
- e) Write the formulae of the following coordination compounds;
- i. Dichloridobistriethylenetetramineplatinum(IV) nitrate [2 marks]
 - ii. Triaminodiaquiodocobalt(III) chloride [2 marks]
- f) State Sigdwick's rule of effective atomic numbers [1 mark]
- g) Describe Jahn Teller's distortion for octahedral complexes [2 marks]
- h) Differentiate between;
- i. Non-bonding and anti-bonding molecular orbitals [2 marks]
 - ii. Alloys from interstitial compounds [2 marks]
- i) Give two factors that influence the splitting energy of complexes [2 marks]
- j) Use crystal field theory (CFT) to determine whether $[\text{Fe}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$ is paramagnetic or diamagnetic [3 marks]

QUESTION TWO

[20 MARKS]

- a) Differentiate the following;
- Spectrochemical series from electromagnetic spectra [2 marks]
 - Weak field ligands from strong field ligands [2 marks]
- b) Using necessary examples, explain six types of isomerism exhibited by coordination compounds [12 marks]
- c) Name the following coordination compounds;
- $\text{Mg}_2[\text{V}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2\text{Cl}_2]$ [2 marks]
 - $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{NH}_3)_3\text{F}]\text{Cl}_2$ [2 marks]

QUESTION THREE

[20 MARKS]

- a) Explain the macrocyclic effect of ligands [2 marks]
- b) Use Valence Bond Theory (VBT) to determine the hybridization, geometry and magnetic moment of $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ [7 marks]
- c) State three assumptions of the CFT Theory [3 marks]
- d) Use CFT theory to write the eg and t_{2g} configurations as well as determine the magnetic moment of;
- The octahedral compound $[\text{Mn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ [4 marks]
 - The tetrahedral compound $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{3+}$ [4 marks]

QUESTION FOUR

[20 MARKS]

- a) Using Crystal Field Theory, explain on the origin of colors (spectra) in coordination compounds [3 marks]
- b) Calculate the crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE) in $[\text{MnCl}_4]^-$ [4 marks]
- c) Draw the Molecular Orbital of the complex $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ and state whether the complex is diamagnetic or paramagnetic [10 marks]
- d) State giving an example in each case the role of coordination compounds in:
- Biological compounds [1 mark]
 - Analytical chemistry [1 mark]
 - Extraction of metals (metallurgy) [1 mark]