

MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY

REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR SECOND THIRD YEAR EXAMINATIONS FOR BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: COM 2206 COURSE TITLE: AUTOMATA THEORY

DATE: 26TH APRIL 2019

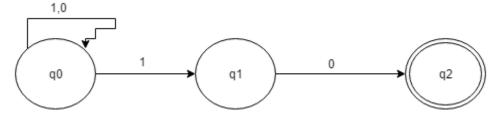
TIME: 11:00 A.M – 1.00P.M.

Instructions

- 1. This paper contains FIVE questions. Answer question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO Questions
- 2. All optional questions carry equal marks
- 3. Write all your answers in the answer booklet
- 4. Time allowed; Two hours.

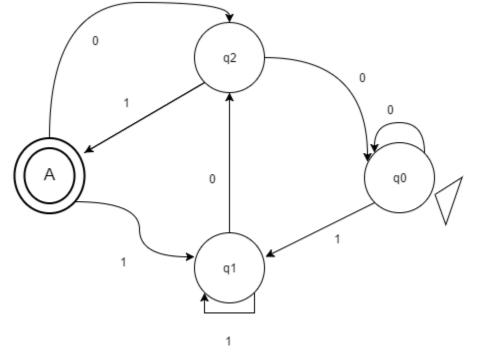
Question 1 [20 marks]

- a) Define the following (4 marks)
 - i. Automata Theory
 - ii. Alphabet
- b) If $\sum = \{0,1\}$, then Φ^* will result to? (1 mark)
- c) List and describe the parts of 5-tuple finite automata? (5 marks)
- d) Given: $\sum = \{a, b\} L = \{x \in \sum^* | x \text{ is a string combination} \}$. What is $\sum 4$? (3 marks)
- e) Given Language L={ $x \in (\sum r)$ *|length if x is at most 2} and $\sum = \{0,1\}$ give string combination (3 marks)
- f) Convert the following NFA into DFA (4 marks)

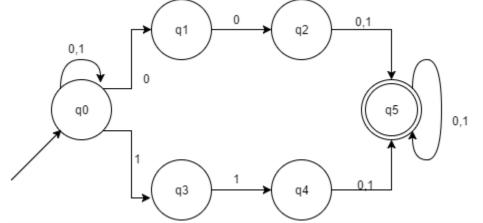


Question 2 [15 marks]

a) What string does the following DFA accept? (hint string that ends with) (4 Marks)



- b) Design a DFA that accepts the following strings {abbbaa}, {abbbaabb}, {abbaabbaa}. (4 marks)
- c) Generate a Regular expression for which the given NFA corresponds to. (5 marks)



d) Give the appropriate precedence order of operations over a Regular Language. (2 marks)

Question 3[15 marks]

- a) Describe the 7-tuple definition of Turing machine (7 marks)
- b) Draw the transition a Turing machine which accepts the language with the regular expression {a,b}*{aba}. (5 marks)
- c) Design a Turing machine to add two given integers (3 marks)

Question 4[15 marks]

- a) What is an Ambiguous CFG? (2 mark)
- b) State and explain any two ways to simplify a CFG to an NPDA (2 marks)
- c) Consider The following Context-Free Grammar (CFG) G:

$$S \to XY$$
$$X \to aXb \mid \epsilon$$
$$Y \to bYc \mid \epsilon$$

Where S, X, Y are nonterminal symbol, S is the start symbol, and a, b, c are terminal symbols. Derive the CFG for the word: aaabbbbbbbccc $\in L(G)$. (5 marks)

d) Is the following CFG ambiguous? If yes, show this. If no, explain why. A and B are nonterminal,

 $\begin{array}{rcl} A & \rightarrow & aBbA \mid aBbAcA \mid d \\ B & \rightarrow & e \end{array}$

A is the start symbol, a, b, c, d, and e are terminals. (6 marks)

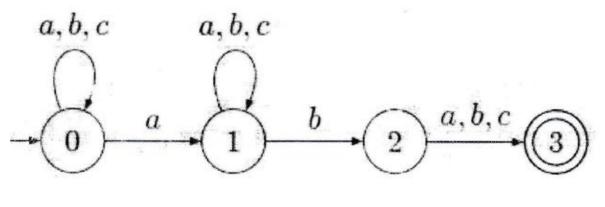
Question 5[15 marks]

- a) What is a palindrome? Can the language pal of palindromes over the alphabet {0,1} be accepted by a DPDA? (2 marks)
- b) Consider the following Context-Free Grammar (CFG):

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S} &\rightarrow \mathbf{SpA} \mid \mathbf{A} \\ \mathbf{A} &\rightarrow \mathbf{BmA} \mid \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{B} &\rightarrow \mathbf{a} \mid \mathbf{b} \mid \mathbf{c} \mid \mathbf{ISu} \end{split}$$

S. A, and B are nonterminals, a, b, c, l, m, p and r are terminals. S is the start symbol. Draw the derivation tree according to this grammar for the word: amlapbpcrma. (6 marks)

c) Given the following Nondeterministic Finite Automaton, (NFA) over the alphabet ∑={a, b, c} construct a Deterministic Finite Automaton (DFA) D(N) equivalent to N. (7 marks) by applying the subset construction.



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