# REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER 

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION BACHELOR OF EDUCATION

COURSE CODE: CIM 311<br>COURSE TITLE: SUBJECT METHODS IN MATHEMATICS

| DATE: 23/4/2018 | TIME: 8.30-10.30 AM |
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| INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES | DURATION: 2HOURS |
| Answer Question ONE and any other TWO |  |

## QUESTION ONE

a) Briefly explain your understanding of the following approaches to the teaching of mathematics
i. Inductive approach
(2marks)
ii. Deductive approach (2marks)
iii. Using inductive approach explain to learners how to derive the quadratic formula
(5marks)
b) Explain the relationship between Mathematics and the world we live in.
(3marks)
c) With examples, clearly distinguish between the surface structure and the deep structure in Mathematics
d) Explain why secondary school students in Kenya are taught Mathematics
(3marks)
e) Highlight Three criticisms that were leveled against modern Mathematics which lead to its dead through a presidential directive in 1981 (3marks)
f) Explain the following terms as used in mathematics education
i. Mathematics as a tool
(2marks)
ii. Mathematics as art? Creative art
g) Mathematics knowledge is classified on the basis for its assertion. Explain the difference between Priori knowledge and Posteriori knowledge in Mathematics
(4marks)

## QUESTION TWO

a) Briefly explain the following learning tools in Mathematics giving the advantages of each:
i. Traditional tools
(4 marks)
ii. Social tools
(4 marks)
b) Explain the implications of Piaget's theory on the teaching and learning of mathematics.
(4marks)
c) Discuss three advantages of the using each of the following assessment methods in Mathematics
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { i. Formative } \\ \text { ii. } & \text { Summative } & \text { (3marks) }\end{array}$
d) Examination malpractice has become common in Kenyan schools. Identify three possible causes of such malpractice and provide possible solutions to curb them
(6 marks)

## QUESTION THREE

a) i. Explain two major differences between the behaviourists and cognitive development theories in their attempt to describe the nature of learning
(2marks)
ii. Identify and explain four major contributions of behavioural theories and the impact they have on the teaching and learning of Mathematics in Kenyan secondary schools.
(8marks)
b) Identify and describe the difference between the traditional Mathematics of the 1960s and the present 8-4-4 secondary mathematics curriculum in terms of:
i. objectives
(2marks)
ii. content
(2 marks)
iii. Methodology
c). Explain two activities/experiences that you can involve your learners in order to effectively teach mathematics as a language of communication
(4marks)

## QUESTION FOUR

a) As a mathematics teacher, it is your duty to effectively present content to your learners. Explain three related characteristics that you should consider when selecting a method of teaching the subject in your lesson
(6marks)
b) Explain each of the following views of Mathematics
i. Absolutism
(2marks)
ii. Logicism
(2marks)
iii. Constructivism
(2marks)
c) i. Explain the four stages of a mathematics lesson
ii State four reasons why you as a mathematics teacher should prepare a scheme of work.
(4marks)

## QUESTION FIVE

a) Describe the types of marks in Mathematics assessment (3marks)
b) Zoltan Diene (1973) came up with a theory of teaching and learning mathematics through play. Explain what goes on in each of the following teaching and learning Mathematics:
i. Free Play
ii. Learning to Play by rules
iii. Comparison stage
iv. Representation stage
v. Symbolization stage
vi. Formalization stage
(1mark)
(1mark)
(1mark)
(1mark)
(1mark)
(1mark)
c) Describe any three penalties that can be issued during marking of mathematics test
(3marks)
d) i. how will you show your learner that $\log _{a} b=1 / \log _{b} a$ giving all the statements you make while working out the problem. (4marks)
ii Mark the working of d)I above using the KNEC method of scoring Mathematics test.
(4marks)

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