

MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY

REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR FIRST YEAR SECOND TRIMESTER

SCHOOL OF PURE, APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES DIPLOMA IN FOOD, NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

COURSE CODE: DND 1204
COURSE TITLE: PRINCIPLES OF PRIMARY HEALTH
CARE

DATE: 18/4/2023 TIME: 0830-1030 HRS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

Section A: Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL Questions

Section B: Short Answer Questions. Answer ALL Questions

Section C: Long Answer Questions. Answer Question ONE and any other question.

This paper consists of 6 printed pages. Please turn over.

PART A: COMPULSORY MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

- 1. Some of the essentials of primary health care as outlined in the Alma -Ata Declaration are;
 - a) Essential drug supply, safe motherhood, mental health
 - b) Dental health, health education, safe water supply and sanitation
 - c) Essential drug supply, health education, treatment of common diseases
 - d) Family planning, essential obstetric care, essential drug supply
- 2. The common conditions addressed in the primary health care elements include;
 - a) Eye condition, protein energy, malnutrition, anemia, infection
 - b) worms, acute respiratory infection, skin disease, diarrhea
 - c) skin diseases, dental conditions, sexual transmitted infections, acute respiratory infections
 - d) diarrhea diseases, worms, anemia, dental condition
- 3. The advantages of community based health care include;
 - a. increasing health care demand, reducing the gap between health care needs and health care resources
 - b. reducing the gap between health care needs and health resources, enhancing government support
 - c. lowering the needs of health care, enhancing government support
 - d. filling gaps between health needs and health resources, lowering needs for health care
- 4. Equity in primary health care means
 - (a) Equal distribution of available resource
 - (b) Distribution of resources according to political applications
 - (c) Providing equal information and guidelines on use of available resources
 - (d) Fair and reasonable distribution of available resources
- 5. Primary prevention of diseases involved
 - a) immunization, screening, healthy diet
 - b) early treatment, immunization, healthy habits
 - c) Regular medical check-up, immunization, early treatment
 - d) Healthy diet, early treatment, immunization
- 6. The basis for "Health for All" strategy
 - a) medicine and public health
 - b) Primary health care
 - c) Higher quality of life for citizens

- d) Industry, agriculture, education and housing
- 7. A primary health care aimed at mobilizing the human potential of the entire community by making use of available resources;
 - a) Multisectoral approach
 - b) Manpower development
 - c) Community participation
 - d) Decentralization
- 8. The act of liaising with other ministries and non-government agencies on provision of health care as referred as
 - a) Multi professional approach
 - b) Multi-disciplinary collaboration
 - c) Intersectoral collaboration
 - d) Team approach
- 9. The principles of primary health care includes
 - a) Participation of appropriate technology affordable
 - b) Appropriate technology, manpower development. Equity
 - c) Sociomobilization, multidisplinary, participation
 - d) Acceptability ,man power development integration
- 10. The area covered by the (CHWS) community health workers is determined by some of the following
 - a) population density, level of training
 - b) The frequency and severity of health problem amount of remuneration
 - c) Amount of remuneration, family size
 - d) The distance between homes, population density
- 11. The latest additional element to the Primary Health care (PHC) element include
 - a) Dental health, community based rehabilitation
 - b) Treatment and prevention of common diseases
 - c) Essential drug control, mental health
 - d) HIV/AIDS prevention, malaria control, community based rehabilitation
- 12. The role of a family in the implementation of mental health includes
 - a) Ensure mental health policy is implemented
 - b) Adopting practices that promote good mental health program
 - c) Provide transfer for mobile community based mental health care
 - d) Support mental health care program
- 13. Bottom up approach means that organization of health care is done by?

- a) The donor agents and government representation
- b) Community members and its leaders
- c) Community and government representation
- d) Donor agents and community leaders

14. A community is defined as

- a) Individuals and groups living within certain boundaries
- b) Groups of people sharing common health problems
- c) Families sharing common cultural problems
- d) Groups of people sharing common problems

15. The purpose of Bamako initiative was

- a) strengthen the services of health workers
- b) Lighten the services of health workers
- c) Aid community members have self- sustainable pharmacies
- d) Enable community members to have income generational activities in diverse aspect

16. The term community mobilization is synonymous with

- a) community participation
- b) community empowerment
- c) community sensitization
- d) community devolution

17. Self-reliance in a community can be achieved by

- a) Providing the community with resources from the government and making them accountable
- b) Providing the community with skills to utilize the available resources
- c) Giving the community information on available resources from the donor agencies and making community responsible on the project
- d) Constructing structures for the community and providing them with enough resources to maintain them

18. Some of the elements of primary health care in sequence

- a) Health education, diseases control, immunization
- b) Health education, diseases control, nutrition
- c) Immunization, drug supply, nutrition
- d) Health education, family planning, sanitization

19. The primary health care was commissioned in the year

a) 1980

- b) 1979
- c) 1978
- d) 1976

20. Comprehensive primary health care is characterized by activities that work to change .Which one is NOT?

- a) Social and political determinants of illness
- b) Economic and educational well-being
- c) Health status in the communities, regions or cities
- d) Independent nature

PART B-ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

- 1. State five principles of primary health care (5 marks)
- 2. Define the following terms
 - (a) primary health care (2 marks)
 - (b) decentralization Decision making (2marks)
 - (c)immunization in primary health care (2 marks)
- 3. Describe the concept of Bamako initiative in primary health care (5 marks)
- 4. State six elements of primary health care (6 marks)
- 5. (a) State five advantages of community participation (5 marks)
 - (b) Explain the role of nutrition in cancer prevention in relation to primary health care (6 marks)
- 6. (a) Define the term Community Based Health Care (CBHC) (1 mark)
 - (b) State Six (6) Special features which makes Community Based Health Care different from medical care (6marks)

PART C- LONG ESSAY QUESTIONS

ANSWER ONLY TWO QUESTIONS. QUESTION 1 IS COMPULSORY.

- 1. Nutrition students in clinical experience in the community within their catchment area were asked to apply skills learned in primary health care (PHC) to meet their objectives during their orientation.
 - a) State four (4) major pillars of primary health care (PHC) (4MKS)
 - b) Discuss each primary health care (PHC) mention above (8MKS)

- c) Based on ministry of health (MOH) on PHC Delivery model from National structure, Describe aspect of initiating a nutritional program targeting children under five years within the catchment area (8 marks)
- 2. Nutrition student in placement was asked by clinician in charge to give health talk about community awareness on utilization of health facility
 - (a) Define community awareness (2 marks)
 - (b) Describe actors involved in creating awareness within the community (12 marks)
 - (c) State 6 factors which influence the degree of community involvement (6 marks)
- 3. Students were asked about preventive programs at the end of a lecture unit.
 - (a) List four (4) preventive programs that were introduced through primary health care strategy (2 marks)
 - (b) Explain four (4) achievements of primary health care (8 marks)
 - (c) Discuss challenges faced in primary health care implementation (10 marks)

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