REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER

# SCHOOL OF ARTS, HUMANITIES SOCIAL SCIENCES AND CREATIVE INDUSTRIES DIPLOMA IN CRIMINOLOGY 

COURSE CODE: DSS 1101 COURSE TITLE: QUANTITATIVE SKILLS

DATE:
TIME:

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions from section II
- Question one is compulsory


## SECTION A

## Question one

a). solve the following simultaneous equation

$$
\begin{align*}
& x+y=7 \\
& 3 x+y=15 \tag{3mks}
\end{align*}
$$

b) Solve the following equation (2mks)
c) Find the value of k that will make the following a perfect square ( 2 mks )
d) What is the meaning of the following terms ( 7 mks )

- Set
- Element
- Union of a set
- Complement of a set
- Finite set
- Infinite set
- Singleton set
e) Given the following sets, $A=\{1,2,3,4\}, B=\{2,3,4,5,6$,$\} and C=\{4,6,8,9\}$. Find (6mks)
- $\mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{B}$
- A U C
- The difference between A and B
f) given that $U=\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\}$ and $A=\{4,8,9,10\}$ find (3mks)
g) A boy borrows Sh. 1000 from his sister and promises to pay back Sh. 1,200 a Three months later. What is this as an annual rate of interest? (3mks)
h) Define the following terms as used in statistics (3mks)
- Quantitative variable
- Tabulation
- Categorical frequency distribution


## SECTION B

## Question two

The data below shows the marks scored by students in a mathematics class. Complete the table ( 2 mks )

| Class | 30 <br> 44 | - | $45-54$ | $55-64$ | $65-74$ | 75 <br> 84 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $85-94$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frequency | 10 | 16 | 18 | 12 | 8 | 10 |
| Cumulative <br> frequency |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Use the table above to calculate

- Mean (4mks)
- Median(4mks)
- $\operatorname{Mode}(4 \mathrm{mks})$
- Variance and standard deviation (6mks)


## Question three

a) The $20^{\text {th }}$ term of an arithmetic sequence is 60 and the $16^{\text {th }}$ term is 20 . Fnd

- The first term (3mks)
- $\quad$ The common difference ( 2 mks )
- The $10^{\text {th }}$ term of the sequence
- The sum of the first 50 terms of the arithmetic sequence (3mks)
b. The $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ term of a G.P is given by $32^{\mathrm{n}-1}$. Determine
- The first five terms
- The sum of the first 6 terms of the sequence (3mks)
- Find the sum of the first 10 terms of the sequence
- The greatest value of n for which the sum $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}} 3069$


## Question four

a) A company invested Sh. 50000 in a bank that pays a compound interest of $10 \%$ p.a. Calculate;

- The amount after 4 years. (3mks)
- The interest accumulated after 3 years ( 2 mks )
b) Find the simple interest earned on sh. 2000 at $10 \%$ per annum for

$$
\text { - } 4 \text { years }
$$

- The amount after 5years ( 2 mks )
c) The table below shows tax rates for the year 2021

| Taxable monthly income <br> (Ksh) | Tax rates (\%) |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1-9860$ | 10 |
| $9861-18800$ | 15 |
| $18801-27920$ | 20 |
| $27921-37040$ | 25 |
| $37041-$ And above | 30 |
| Jane's monthly earnings were as follows: |  |

Basic salary =sh. 20000
House allowances =Ksh. 10000

## Commuter allowances $=$ sh. 4000

If Jane is entitled to a tax relief of 900, calculate the net income (10mks)

## Question five

a) Find the value of $x$ in the equation (3mks)
$\frac{3 x+2}{7}-\frac{2 x+5}{-4}=-7$
b) Solve the simultaneous equation below using elimination method(4mks)
$2 x+5 y=12$
$3 x+3 y=9$
c) Solve the following simultaneous equations using substitution method(4mks)
$3 x+4 y=18$
$5 x+2 y=16$
d) Check if the equation below is a perfect square $(3 \mathrm{mks})$
$7 x^{2}+28 x+28$
e) Which value of $k$ makes the quadratic equation below a perfect square( 2 mks )
$k x^{2}-4 x-16$
f) Solve the quadratic equation below using completing the square method(4mks) $x^{2}-4 x-12=0$

