# MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY 

# REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER 

## SCHOOL OF SCIENCE BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

# COURSE CODE: MAT 417 <br> COURSE TITLE: FLUID MECHANICS II 

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Answer Question ONE and any other two questions.
2. All Examination Rules Apply.

## QUESTION ONE

a) Define the following terms
i) Free-Vortex flow
ii) Source and Sink
iii) Conformal transformation
b) State the blasius theorem
c) Write down the navier stokes equations for cartesian coordinates
d) Show that the two families of curves

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \phi(x, y)=c_{1} \\
& \psi(x, y)=c_{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Intersect at right angles.
e) If the stream lines (path of the fluid particles) of a flow around a corner are M $x y=$ constant . Find their orthogonal trajectories (equipotential).
f) Describe the transformation $w=e^{z}$, where $w=u+i v$ and $z=x+i y$.

## QUESTION TWO

a) A viscous fluid is flowing between two concentric circular cylinders of radii $a$ and $b(b>a)$ rotating with angular velocities $\omega_{1}$ and $\omega_{2}$ respectively. Show that the velocity distribution is

$$
\begin{equation*}
v=\frac{1}{b^{2}-a^{2}}\left[\left(b^{2} \omega_{2}-a^{2} \omega_{1}\right) r-\frac{a^{2} b^{2}}{r}\left(\omega_{2}-\omega_{1}\right)\right] \tag{11marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) Determine the velocity distribution of the flow of the fluid through an infinite circular pipe of radius $a$ taking that the velocity vector is $\mathbf{q}=(0,0, u)$. Also find the skin friction at the pipe.

## QUESTION THREE

a) A fluid of density $\rho$ is confined over a plane $y=0$. Let $t=0$, the plate $y=0$ (which is initially at rest) starts moving with velocity $U$ along the $\mathrm{x}-$ axis. Find the velocity distribution of the fluid using laplace transformation method.
b) Describle the plane coutte flow and plane poiseullie flow.

## QUESTION FOUR

a) Show that for an incomplessible steady flow with constant viscosity

$$
\begin{aligned}
& u(y)=y \frac{U}{h}+\frac{h^{2}}{2 \mu}\left[-\frac{\partial p}{\partial x}\right] \frac{y}{h}\left(1-\frac{y}{h}\right) \\
& v=0=w
\end{aligned}
$$

Satisfy the equation of motion, where the body force is neglected. $h, U$ and $\frac{d p}{d x}$ are constants and $p=p(x)$
b) Find the equations of stream lines due to uniform line sources of strength $m$ per unit length through the points $A(-a, 0), B(a, 0)$ and a uniform line sink of strength -m per unit length through the origin.
(10 marks)
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